

# **ANNUAL REPORT**

2018 —

# PHAROL, SGPS S.A.

**ANNUAL REPORT 2018** 

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"PHAROL", "Group PHAROL", "Group" and "Company" is a reference to the companies that are part of PHAROL SGPS, S.A. or to one of them, depending on the context.

#### **01 MANAGEMENT REPORT**

#### INTRODUCTION

As at December 31, 2018, PHAROL had as its main assets (1) 166,710,904 common shares of Oi, S.A. ("Oi"), representing 6,8% of the total share capital of Oi, (2) debt securities of Rio Forte Investments S.A. ("Rio Forte") with a nominal value of Euro 897 million, and (3) the Call Option on 25,614,830.88 common shares and 51,229,661.76 preferred shares of Oi with an exercise price of R\$20.104 per common share and R\$18.529 per preferred share, adjusted by the Brazilian rate CDI plus 1.5% per annum, and with a 6-year maturity. The Call Option has partial expiration dates throughout the period so the option volume is reduced by 10% at the end of the first year and by 18% per year thereafter.

As of December 31, 2014, after the capital increase of Oi, concluded on May 5, 2014 (the "Oi Capital Increase"), PHAROL held a 39.7% direct and indirect stake in Oi. This included a portion classified as a non-current asset held for sale, following the Exchange agreement ("Exchange") entered into on September 8, 2014 and completed on March 8, 2015, and the remaining stake of 22.8% classified as investment in joint ventures and associates and therefore accounted for using the equity method.

On March 30, 2015, the Exchange was completed, whereby PHAROL (1) transferred to Portugal Telecom International Finance, B.V. ("PT Finance"), a subsidiary of Oi, an aggregate amount of 47,434,872 common shares and 94,869,744 preferred shares of Oi, and (2) received from PT Finance debt securities of Rio Forte with a nominal value of Euro 897 million and a call option on the transferred shares ("Call Option"). After the completion of the Exchange, PHAROL held an effective stake of 27.48% in Oi corresponding to the 22.8% stake referred above plus 4.7% due to the decrease in the number of outstanding shares of Oi.

The relevant agreements for the implementation of the New Structure of Oi were signed on July 22, 2015. On September 1, 2015, a General Meeting of Shareholders of Oi was held where the New Structure was approved.

As of September 30, 2015, after the implementation of the New Structure, but prior to the voluntary conversion of preferred shares to ordinary shares of Oi, PHAROL held, directly or indirectly through wholly owned subsidiaries, 84,167,978 common shares and 108,016,749 preferred shares of Oi.

As of October 8, 2015, following the voluntary conversion of preferred shares into common shares of Oi, PHAROL now holds, directly and indirectly through wholly owned subsidiaries, 183,662,204 common shares of Oi, representing 27.18% of total share capital of Oi (excluding treasury shares), that represents the present situation. PHAROL's voting rights in Oi are limited to 15% of the total common shares of Oi.

With the implementation of the New Structure on July 30, 2015, the shareholders' agreements, through which joint control of Oi was exercised, were terminated. Up to that date, PHAROL accounted for its stake in Oi as an Investment in Joint Ventures. PHAROL considered it had significant influence over Oi and classifies it as an associate company. As a result, from July 30, 2015 the investment in Oi continued to be accounted

for according to the equity method, based on PHAROL's economic stake in Oi's results (27.18% as at December 31, 2016).

On April 29 and May 19, 2016, PHAROL, due to a corporate reorganization, transferred direct ownership of 128,213,478 common shares issued by Oi S.A., to its 100% owned subsidiary BRATEL B.V.. Due to the Corporate Reorganization, BRATEL B.V. now directly holds (and PHAROL indirectly holds) 183,662,204 common shares of Oi S.A., which represent 22.24% of Oi S.A.'s entire share capital (27.18% excluding treasury shares).

On 15 September 2017, in order to concentrate all its operations in Luxembourg, PHAROL transferred the ownership of all the shares that BRATEL BV had in Oi SA to its subsidiary BRATEL S.à.r.I., 100% owned by BRATEL B.V.

In December 2017, and after the decision by the Court of the 7th Business Court of Rio de Janeiro, which it handles the Judicial Recovery of Oi and which decided to withdraw the rights of the members of the Board of Directors of Oi in the approval of the Judicial Recovery Plan, and subsequent events, it was understood that PHAROL lost the significant influence it had until then on its associate Oi. Consequently, on 31 December 2017, PHAROL started account its investment in Oi at market value, and started to be classified as "Financial Assets".

Oi S.A., in the disclosure of its consolidated results for 2017, announced that it had adjusted its Equity on January 1, 2016 and December 31, 2016, amounting to BRL 18 billion and BRL 19 billion, respectively. Following this restatement, PHAROL's investment in Oi, being recorded under the equity method, was restated and valued at zero in the periods of 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016.

On July 20, 2018, following the homologation of the Capital Increase through the conversion of debt into shares, Oi's share capital increased from 825,760,902 shares for a total of 2,340,060,505 shares, a dilution of PHAROL's participation in Oi to less than 8%.

The net loss for 2018 was EUR 5.6 million, which compares with a loss of Euro 782.7 million in the same period of 2017. The net loss in 2018 mainly reflects (1) costs associated with losses in Euro 1.5 million, and (2) costs of external supplies and services and personnel costs respectively at Euro 1.7 and 1.6 million. The net result for 2017 reflects the reversal of Oi's foreign exchange reserves since the acquisition in the amount of Euro 937 million, partially offset by the appreciation of Oi's investment to the market value of Euro 167.7 million, the recoverable amount of the investment in the securities issued by Rio Forte and operating costs.

#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

Apart from managing its investments, the Company did not directly conduct any other business activity.

#### **LEGAL INFORMATION**

There are no outstanding amounts overdue to the Portuguese State and the Portuguese Social Security System.

The Company did not enter into any material businesses or transactions with the members of its Board of Directors and the Fiscal Council, except for those mentioned in Note 21 to the Consolidated Financial Statements as at December 31, 2018.

#### **2018 EVENTS AND RECENT DEVELOPMENTS**

The main events of the year ended December 31, 2018 and recent developments are described in the Consolidated Annual Report of PHAROL.

#### PROPOSAL FOR APPLICATION OF PROFITS

Considering that in the year ended December 31, 2018 a negative net result of Euros 5,648,443 was obtained, the Board of Directors of PHAROL proposes that they be transferred to the Company's Retained Earnings.

Lisbon, February 28, 2019

Luís Maria Viana Palha da Silva, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Managing Director

Aristóteles Luiz Menezes Vasconcellos Drummond, Board Member

Avelino Cândido Rodrigues, Board Member



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### **02 STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

PHAROL, SGPS, S.A.

BALANCE SHEET
31 DECEMBER 2018 AND 2017

			Euro
	Notes	2018	2017
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Tangible assets		141,188	119,248
Intangible assets		141,100	4,948
Financial investments - equity method of accounting	6	82,801,037	167,705,254
Other financial assets	7	74,637,747	75,790,173
Total non-current assets		157,579,972	243,619,622
Total Holl-current assets		137,377,772	243,017,022
Current Assets			
State and other public entities	10	9,971	9,718
Other accounts receivable		1,829,480	144,255
Deferrals		2,029	· -
Cash and bank deposits	4	2,022,619	25,042,221
Total current assets		3,864,098	25,196,194
Total assets		161,444,070	268,815,816
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	11	26,895,375	26,895,375
Treasury shares	11	(179,675,995)	(179,675,995)
Legal reserve	11	6,773,139	6,773,139
Other reserves	11	264,283,232	264,283,232
Adjustments to financial assets	11	(110,016,409)	(163,000)
Retained earnings	11	143,637,610	926,404,947
Net income		(5,648,443)	(782,767,357)
Total equity		146,248,509	261,750,341
LIABILITIES			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Loans obtained		99,955	51,836
Total non-current liabilities		99,955	51,836
			•
Current Liabilities			
Provisions	12	12,500,000	-
Loans obtained		-	3,065
Suppliers	13	36,204	4,695,403
Investment suppliers		7,670	7,670
Accrued expenses	14	1,538,815	1,291,746
State and other public entities	10	156,366	159,206
Other accounts payable	8	856,549	856,549
Total current liabilities		15,095,605	7,013,639
Total liabilities		15,195,561	7,065,475
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		161,444,070	268,815,816

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

#### PHAROL, SGPS, S.A.

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 AND 2017

			Euro
	Notes	2018	2017
Equity in losses/(earnings) of subsidiary companies	15	(1,580,689)	(770,208,368
Supplies and external services	16	(1,774,516)	(1,577,751
Wages and salaries	17	(1,610,238)	(1,735,463
Indirect taxes		(375,529)	(271,774
Provisions ((increases)/reductions)	12	(12,500,000)	75,858
Increases/(reductions) in fair value	18	(1,026,853)	(11,275,218
Other income and gains	12	1,030,020	2,994,056
Other expenses and losses	19	(256,436)	(672,985
INCOME BEFORE DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION, FINANCING EXPENSES AND TAXES		(18,094,243)	(782,671,644)
Depreciation and amortisation ((expenses)/reversals)		(66,786)	(79,495
OPERATING INCOME (BEFORE FINANCING EXPENSES AND TAXES)		(18,161,028)	(782,751,139)
FINANCIAL LOSSES AND (GAINS) Interest and related income		21.424	30.397
Interest and related expenses		(14,184)	(16,419
INCOME BEFORE TAXES		(18,153,788)	(782,737,161
Income taxes	9	12,505,345	(30,195
Net income (loss) from continuing operations		(5,648,443)	(782,767,357
Earnings per share			
Basic and Diluted	20	(0.01)	(0.90

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

#### PHAROL, SGPS, S.A.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY PERIODS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 AND 2017

									Euro
		Share	Treasury	Legal	Other	Adjustments to	Retained	Net	Tota shareholder
		capital	shares	reserve	reserves	financial assets	earnings	income	equit
Balance as at 31 December 2015	A	26,895,375	(179,675,995)	6,773,139	264,281,624	(1,399,430,074)	1,450,781,532	(61,861,982)	107,763,642
Changes in the period:									
Foreign currency translation adjustments		-	-	-	-	936,768,593	-	-	936,768,59
Other changes recognized in shareholders' equity		-	-	-	1,608	462,498,481	(462,514,603)	-	(14,514
	В	-	-	-	1,608	1,399,267,074	(462,514,603)	-	936,754,080
Net income	С	-	-	-	-		-	(782,767,357)	(782,767,357
Comprehensive income	B+C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Operations with shareholders:									
Application of the previous year's earnings		-	-	-	-	-	(61,861,982)	61,861,982	
	D						(61,861,982)	61,861,982	
Balance as at 31 December 2017	E=A+B+C+D	26,895,375	(179,675,995)	6,773,139	264,283,232	(163,000)	926,404,947	(782,767,357)	261,750,341
Changes in the period:									
Foreign currency translation adjustments		-	-	-	-	(109,853,409)	20	-	(109,853,390
Other changes recognized in shareholders' equity		-	-	-	-			-	
	F	-	-	-	-	(109,853,409)	20	-	(109,853,390
Net income	G	-	-	-	-		-	(5,648,443)	(5,648,443
Comprehensive income	F+G	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Operations with shareholders:									
Application of the previous year's earnings		-	-	-	-	-	(782,767,357)	782,767,357	
	Н		·	·		·	(782,767,357)	782,767,356	
Balance as at 31 December 2018	I = A + B + C + D	26,895,375	(179,675,995)	6,773,139	264,283,232	(110,016,410)	143,637,610	(5,648,444)	146,248,509

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

#### PHAROL, SGPS, S.A.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 AND 31 DECEMBER 2017

			Euro
	Notes	2018	2017
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments to suppliers		(1,707,573)	(3,614,038)
Payments to employees		(1,664,138)	(1,609,297)
Payments relating to income taxes		(38,684)	(25,179)
Other cash receipts, net		6,915,727	2,722,612
Cash flows from operating activities related to continuing operations (	1)	3,505,331	(2,525,902)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash receipts resulting from:			
Tangible and intangible assets		30.001	34,500
Interest and related income		25,858	27,471
The out and Foldion Indome		55,859	61,971
Payments resulting from:		•	•
Financial investments	4.a.	(26,529,000)	(720,000)
Tangible and intangible assets		(1,210)	(723)
		(26,530,210)	(720,723)
Cash flows from investing activities related to continuing operations (	2)	(26,474,351)	(658,752)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payments resulting from:			
Loans repaid		(46,419)	(57,015)
Interest and related expenses		(4,164)	(7,327)
		(50,583)	(64,343)
Cash flows from financing activities related to continuing operations (	3)	(50,583)	(64,343)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		25,042,221	28,291,217
Change in cash and cash equivalents $(4)=(1)+(2)+(3)$		(23,019,602)	(3,248,996)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4.b.	2,022,619	25,042,221

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### December 31, 2018

(Amounts in Euro, otherwise it will be referred)

#### 1. Introduction

#### a) Company Identification

PHAROL, SGPS, S.A. ("PHAROL", "PHAROL SGPS" or "Company") was founded on June 23, 1994 pursuant to Decree -Law No. 122/94, through the merger of the following companies: Telecom Portugal, S.A., Telefones de Lisboa e Porto (TLP), S.A. ("TLP") and Teledifusora de Portugal, S.A. ("TDP"), with reference to January 1, 1994. As a result of the privatization process, between June 1, 1995 and December 4, 2000, PHAROL's share capital is mainly owned by private shareholders. On December 12, 2000, Portugal Telecom, S.A. changed its name to Portugal Telecom, SGPS, S.A. ("PT SGPS") and its operation to a capital management company. On May 29, 2015, the company changes its name to PHAROL, SGPS S.A.

#### b) Oi Cash Capital Increase in 2014

On May 5, 2014, Oi underwent a capital increase amounting to 13,960 million reais, composed of: (1) 5,710 million reais (Euro 1,750 million based on the exchange rate as of February 21, 2014) corresponding to 1,045,803,934 ordinary shares and 1,720,252,731 preferred shares subscribed by PHAROL, through a contribution in kind of the PT Assets, defined as the PHAROL's 100% stake in PT Portugal, which as of that date included all operational businesses of the PHAROL Group, with the exception of the subsidiaries Bratel BV, Bratel Brasil, PTB2 and PHAROL, and of the investment in Oi, Contax and their controlling shareholders; and 8,250 million reais in cash subscribed by investors other than PHAROL. The valuation of PT Assets of 5,710 million reais was determined on the basis of the valuation of PT Portugal by Banco Santander (Brasil), SA on the date of the share capital increase. As a result of PHAROL' contribution for the capital increase of Oi, PHAROL increased its effective interest in Oi from 23.2%, previously held through Bratel Brasil, to an economic interest of 39.7%, held through a total direct interest of 35.8% (32.8% in PHAROL and 3.0% in Bratel Brasil) and an indirect interest of 3.9% held by Bratel Brasil through the controlling shareholders of Oi.

#### c) Initial acquisition of investment in Oi

On March 28, 2011, PHAROL completed the initial acquisition of investments in Telemar Norte Leste, S.A. ("Telemar"), which belongs to the Oi Group, and Contax, for the amount of 8,437 million reais, and entered into several agreements with the controlling shareholders of these companies. As a result of this transaction, PHAROL acquired an effective stake of 25.3% in TmarPart (parent company of the Oi Group on that date) and 14.1% in Contax. Within the scope of this acquisition, PHAROL, AG Telecom Participações ("AG") and LF Tel, SA ("LF"), two of the main shareholders of TmarPart, the controlling shareholder of Oi, entered into a shareholders' agreement with unanimous voting procedures for their representatives in the Board of Directors of TmarPart regarding the strategic, financial and operating decisions relating to the activity of the Oi Group. Whereby, in accordance with the provisions of NCRF 13 Interests in Joint Ventures and Investments in Associates ("NCRF 13"), the Company concluded that it contractually shares

the control of TmarPart, therefore the Oi investment was classified as a joint venture and thus accounted for in accordance with the equity method.

#### d) Investment in Rio Forte debt securities

On May 5, 2014, directly and indirectly, PHAROL held investments in debt securities issued by Rio Forte Investments, S.A. ("Rio Forte", a holding company of the Espírito Santo Group with registered address in Luxembourg essentially for their non-financial services) amounting to Euro 897 million, which formed part of the PT Assets and were contributed in the capital increase of Oi. The composition of the outstanding amount as of May 5, 2014 was as follows:

- Euro 200 million subscribed by PHAROL on April 15, 2014, and transferred to PT Portugal on May 5, 2014, in connection with the corporate reorganization of the Group, the maturity of which occurred on July 15, 2014;
- Euro 647 million subscribed by PT Finance on April 15, 2014, the maturity of which occurred on July 15, 2014;
- Euro 50 million subscribed by PT Finance on April 17, 2014, the maturity of which occurred on July 17, 2014.

On July 15 and 17, 2014 the maturity of these instruments occurred, but the issuer did not settle its obligations.

Rio Forte requested the adoption of the controlled management regime in accordance with the Luxembourg legislation, although it was their understanding that they did not have the financial capacity to meet their financial commitments, a situation which was thought to be the most protective of their creditors' interests, and that was rejected by the Luxembourg court. As a result of that rejection, Rio Forte was declared insolvent by the Luxemburg Court on December 8, 2014 and went into liquidation on the same date.

On July 28, 2014, following the default by Rio Forte, PHAROL and Oi agreed on the main terms for the exchange of debt securities of Rio Forte held on that date by PT Finance and PT Portugal, amounting to Euro 897 million for 47,434,872 common shares and 94,869,744 preferred shares of Oi (after the reverse stock split done by Oi in December 2014) held on that date by PHAROL. On September 8, 2014, this agreement was approved in the General Shareholders' Meeting of PHAROL and following such approval the parties involved concluded the respective final contracts, the terms of which established that:

- PHAROL would exchange with Oi the Rio Forte Instruments in exchange for 47,434,872 common shares plus 94,869,744 preferred shares of Oi, representing 16.9% of its share capital;
- An American non-transferable purchase option ("Call Option") would be attributed to PHAROL in order to reacquire the Oi Shares that are the Object of the Exchange (with the exercise price of 20.104 reais for common shares and 18.529 reais for preferred shares after the Oi reverse stock split), which would be adjusted by CDI plus 1.5% per year;
- The Call Option on the Oi Shares that are the Object of the Option would enter into effect on the date of the Exchange and would have a maturity of six years, with the possibility of exercising the

option by PHAROL terminating at 10% at the end of the first year and 18% at the end of each subsequent year;

- Any amount received as a result of monetization of the Call Option through the issue of derivative instruments would have to be used for the exercise of the Call Option;
- PHAROL could only acquire Oi or TmarPart shares through exercise of the Call Option;
- The Call Option would be canceled if (i) the bylaws of PHAROL were to be voluntarily altered to remove the 10% vote limitation; (ii) PHAROL were to act as a competitor of Oi or (iii) PHAROL were to violate certain obligations arising from definitive documentation; and
- The contracts were signed on September 8, 2014, subject to approval by the CVM Brasil and would be executed by March 31, 2015.

On December 31, 2014, as stated above, execution of the exchanges and the purchase option were pending approval by the CVM. On March 4, 2015, the CVM approved the above contracts, conditional upon their approval at Oi's General Shareholders' Meeting, which occurred on March 26, 2015. The exchange was executed on March 30, 2015. On March 24, 2015, PHAROL came to an agreement with Oi, PT Portugal, PT Finance and TmarPart for the Private Instrument of Assignment of Rights and Obligations and Other Fees ("Assignment Agreement"), by means of which PT Portugal transferred the Rio Forte Instruments to PT Finance, and conceded to PT Finance all pertaining rights and obligations in the terms of the Exchange Agreement ("Assignment").

On March 30, 2015, the Exchange was concluded, by means of which PHAROL (1) deposited Oi's shares object of the Exchange with the Depositary; and (2) instructed the Depositary to register the transfer of 47,434,872 ADSs ON and 94,896,744 ADSs PN to PT Finance, representing Oi's shares object of the Exchange. Therefore, on March 30, 2015, PHAROL transferred the ADSs Object of the Exchange to PT Finance, and PT Finance transferred to PHAROL the Rio Forte Instruments in the total main amount of Euro 897 million.

Still, on March 30, 2015, the Call Option was effective.

A change ("Amendment") was signed to the Share Purchase Option Contract and Other Agreements, entered into on September 8, 2014, such as mentioned above, which will enable PHAROL to liquidate its Oi share purchase option through sale on the market, giving Oi the right of first refusal in the acquisition of the Option if PHAROL should decide to sell it to third parties without previous consent by Oi. The Amendment is subject to approval of Oi's general shareholders' meeting and, if applicable, to the CVM's approval. Oi committed to convene a general meeting to discuss the Amendment, and the reference shareholders of Oi committed to vote in approval of the Amendment.

#### e) New model of Oi's corporate structure and governance ("New Structure")

On March 31, 2015, the Board of Directors of PHAROL concluded negotiations with the other shareholders pertaining to Oi to the extent of signing a new agreement between the parties in relation to the company structure and the administration of Oi. In view of the impossibility of implementing migration from CorpCo to the segment called Novo Mercado of the BM&FBovespa by March 31, 2015, the deadline stipulated

in the agreements signed on September 8, 2014, it became essential to sign a new agreement, which allowed Oi to anticipate the principal benefits announced to shareholders at the time that Oi's capital increase was realized on May 5, 2014, without, however, failing to make every effort to migrate to the Novo Mercado. Thus, the parties agreed to a new company structure model and administration of Oi ("New Structure"), that in addition to the benefits and objectives disclosed before, are characterized by the following:

- All company and corporate administration transformation will be done at Oi with elimination
  of the necessity of creating CorpCo.
- Approval of new Corporate Bylaws for Oi, as well as signing of an amendment to the provisional voting commitment from its shareholders, in effect until implementation of the New Structure ("Vote Commitment") that will enable: (i) implementation of a voluntary conversion program for preferred shares to ordinary shares issued by Oi at a rate of 0.9211 ordinary share per each preferred share, subject to a minimum buy-in of 2/3 of the preferred shares in order to give all of the shareholders the possibility of exercising the voting right and to maximize the possibility of existence of a single class of shares; (ii) implementation of the principle of one share, one vote. However, to preserve the equilibrium between shareholders and the distribution of desired control at the time of the Capital Increase of Oi, inclusion of a 15% limit on the voting right in Oi's Corporate Bylaws, applicable to all of its shareholders was agreed upon; this limitation will cease to exist through verification of certain events, namely in the case of capital increase, operation of company reorganization or public offering of shares, in any case that results in the dilution of the current shareholder base (or acquisition of a stake, where applicable) greater than 50%; (iii) leveraging increase in liquidity, eliminating subjection to lock-up agreements of any shareholder; (iv) the election of a new Board of Directors at Oi with significant participation of independents, where the previously existing parity in CorpCo between the PHAROL representatives and those of the Brazilian shareholders will be maintained; (v) extinction of TmarPart by incorporation into Oi, which will determine the end of the TmarPart and other controlling companies' shareholders' agreements, thus ensuring-the distribution of Oi's shareholder control; (vi) possibility of using financial synergies through incorporation of Oi's controlling companies, directly and indirectly.

On July 22, the relevant documents for the implementation of the Oi's New Structure were signed and on September 1, 2015, Oi's General Assembly approved its implementation.

On September 30, 2015, after the implementation of the New Structure and prior to the voluntary conversion of preferred shares into common shares of Oi, PHAROL held, directly and through 100% subsidiaries, 84,167,978 ordinary shares and 108,016,749 preferred shares of Oi.

On October 8, 2015, following the approval of voluntary conversion of preferred shares into common shares of Oi, the PHAROL held, directly and indirectly through 100% subsidiaries owned, 183,662,204 common shares of Oi, representing 27.18% of the total share capital of Oi (excluding treasury shares). PHAROL's right to vote in Oi is limited to 15% of the total common shares.

The shareholders' agreements through which joint control of Oi was exercised, ended on July 30, 2015 with the implementation of the New Structure. Until then PHAROL proceeded to recognize its participation in Oi as an investment in joint ventures. PHAROL considered that it currently has significant influence over Oi, which is considered an associate. Thus, from July 30, 2015 participation in Oi continued to be measured according to the equity method, less any impairment, reflecting the stake in Oi's financial statements (27.18% as at December 31, 2016).

On April 29 and May 19, 2016, PHAROL, due to a corporate reorganization, transferred direct ownership of 128,213,478 common shares issued by Oi S.A., to its 100% owned subsidiary BRATEL B.V..

On 15 September 2017, in order to concentrate all its operations in Luxembourg, PHAROL transferred the ownership of all the shares that BRATEL BV has in Oi SA to its subsidiary 100% owned, BRATEL S.à.r.l., a company with its registered office in Luxembourg, at 69, Boulevard de la Pétrusse, L-2320 Luxembourg, and BRATEL BV ceased to hold a shareholding interest directly in Oi SA.

Accordingly, on December 31, 2018, PHAROL holds all the shares representing the capital stock of BRATEL BV which, in turn, holds all the shares representing BRATEL S.à.rl. Both PHAROL and BRATEL BV indirectly own 183,662,204 common shares of Oi SA, representing as of December 31, 2016, the direct interest of BRATEL BV (and indirectly of PHAROL, SGPS SA) is 183,662,204 common shares of Oi SA, which represent approximately 22.24 % of the total share capital of Oi SA (27.18% excluding treasury shares).

On July 20, 2018, following the homologation of the Capital Increase through the conversion of debt into shares, Oi's share capital increased from 825,760,902 shares for a total of 2,340,060,505 shares, a dilution of PHAROL's participation in Oi to less than 8%.

As at December 31, 2018, PHAROL had as its main assets (1) 166,710,904 common shares of Oi, S.A. ("Oi"), representing 6.8% of the total share capital of Oi holding by Bratel S.a.r.I., (2) debt securities of Rio Forte Investments S.A. ("Rio Forte") with a nominal value of Euro 897 million, and (3) the Call Option on 25,614,830.88 common shares and 51,229,661.76 preferred shares of Oi with an exercise price of R\$20.104 per common share and R\$18.529 per preferred share, adjusted by the Brazilian rate CDI plus 1.5% per annum, and with a 6-year maturity. The Call Option has partial expiration dates throughout the period so the option volume is reduced by 10% at the end of the first year and by 18% per year thereafter.

#### f) Bases of presentation

These financial statements are in respect of the Company individually and were prepared according to the generally accepted accounting principles in Portugal (Note 2). Financial investments are recorded according to the equity method, deducted of any eventual impairment losses, as referred to in Note 3.3. These individual financial statements consider the effect of the equity method, through the appropriation of the share held in the other changes in equity and in the results of the company's subsidiaries as at December 31, 2018 and 2017, in PHAROL's equity and net profit for the fiscal years ended on those dates, based on the respective financial statements, but not the effect of full consolidation of assets, liabilities, expenses and income.

In accordance with current legislation, the Company prepared consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the European Union

("EU"), published separately. These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the companies which PHAROL controls.

The disclosures presented in these consolidated financial statements are complementary, with the necessary adaptations, to the disclosures presented in these financial statements.

The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on February 28, 2019 and are still subject of approval by the General Meeting of Shareholders under the commercial legislation in Portugal.

#### 2. Accounting standards for preparing the financial statements

These financial statements were prepared based on Decree-law n°. 158/2009, dated July 13, and in accordance with the Conceptual Framework, Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards ("NCRF") and Interpretative Standards, as approved by Notices n° 15652/2009, 15653/2009 and 15655/2009 of the General- Secretarat of the Ministry of Finance, dated August 27, which make up the New Portuguese accounting system, named "Sistema de Normalização Contabilística" ("SNC").

PHAROL chose not to apply the NCRF 27 to these financial statements and has chosen to recognize, measure and disclose its financial instruments in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted in the European Union .

The Company adopted NCRF for the first time in 2010 and applied for this purpose the "NCRF 3 Adoption For The First Time of NCRF" ("NCRF 3"), with the transition date being January 1, 2009 for the purposes of the presentation of these financial statements. As permitted by Decree-Law n°. 158/2009, the Company also applies the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IAS/IFRS") and related interpretations ("SIC/IFRIC") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), in order to fill in the gaps or omissions in SNC regarding specific situations of certain transactions.

SNC was amended on July 29, 2015, with the publication of the Notice No. 8256/2015, applicable to periods beginning on January 1, 2016, which based on available information will not have significant impacts effects on the Company's financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements of PHAROL are prepared, since January 1, 2005, in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union, which are applicable to listed companies in the European Union.

The PHAROL Group consists of the following companies:

Empresa	Head office	Type of Company	Activity	Direct	dez/18 Effective	dez/17 Effective
Bratel BV	Amsterdam	Subsidiaries	Management of investments		100%	100%
PT Brasil	São Paulo	Subsidiaries	Management of investments	Bratel BV (100%)	100%	100%
Bratel S.a.r.l.	Luxembourg	Subsidiaries	Management of investments	Bratel BV (100%)	100%	100%

It should be noted that PHAROL as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 had a stake in Oi of 6.8% and 22.24%, respectively.

#### 3. Main Accounting Policies, judgments and estimates

These individual financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis of accounting. The main accounting policies used in the preparation of these individual financial statements are described below and were applied consistently.

#### 3.1. Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which includes the amount paid to acquire the asset and any expenses directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and in the condition necessary for their operation.

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis from the month they are available for use. The depreciation rates reflect the useful life of each class of assets, as follows:

Asset class	Years of useful life
Transportation equipment	4
Admnistrative equipment	3 - 8
Other tangible fixed assets	4 - 8

The gains and losses resulting from any write-off or disposal are determined by the difference between the amount received and the carrying value of the asset and are recognized in the income statement when the write-off or disposal occurs.

#### 3.2. Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. The remaining lease contracts are considered operating leases. The classification of leases depends on the substance of the transaction and not on the form of the contract.

Assets acquired under finance leases and the corresponding liabilities are accounted for at the beginning of the contract as the lower amount between the fair value of the assets and the present value of minimum lease payments. Rents include the reimbursement of the liability and interest expense, with interest being recognized in the income statement based on a periodic interest rate over the remaining liability.

Under operating leases, rents are recognized on a straight-line basis during the period of the lease.

#### 3.3. Financial investments

Subsidiaries are those entities over which the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity, generally represented by the majority of the voting rights. Associate companies are entities over which the Company has a significant influence but not control, generally represented by stakes between 20% and 50% of voting rights. Joint venture is an economic activity with the engagement of two or more partners subject to joint control based on a contractual agreement.

Financial investments in subsidiaries, associate companies and joint ventures are recorded under the equity method of accounting. Under this method, financial investments are initially recorded at acquisition cost and subsequently adjusted for the changes, after the acquisition date, in the Company's share in the

net assets of those entities, deducted for eventual impairment losses. PHAROL's earnings include its share in the earnings of its subsidiaries and associate companies.

Financial investments in foreign entities are translated to Euros using the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, while the Company's share in the earnings of those entities is computed based on the average exchange rates for the reported period. The effect of translation differences is recognized in shareholders' equity under the caption "Adjustments to financial assets" and is transferred to net income upon the disposal of a foreign entity or the transmission of the investment in another way. The exchange rates used in the translation of the main foreign entities (held directly or indirectly by PHAROL) are as follows:

Final		
Currency	2018	2017
Real	4.4440	3.9729
USD	1.1450	1.1993

Average		
Currency	2018	2017
Real	4.3085	3.6028
Real USD	1.1810	1.1293

Financial investments are evaluated whenever there is evidence that they may be impaired and the related impairment losses are recorded in the income statement.

Gains obtained in transactions with subsidiaries, associates companies and joint ventures are eliminated in proportion to the Company's share in those entities, against the financial investment.

Capital gains resulting from the disposal of subsidiaries and associated companies within the Group are deferred or reversed until the date these investments are disposed of to a third party. Whenever these gains are deferred, their recognition in earnings is made under the caption "Gains/(losses) of affiliated companies", in the proportion that goodwill or assets and liabilities identified in the allocation of the purchase price recorded by the acquirer is recognized in earnings.

Additional capital contributions and loans granted to subsidiaries, associates companies and joint ventures are recorded at nominal value, reduced by adjustments for estimated losses, if applicable.

#### 3.4. Accrual basis of accouting

The Company records its revenue and expenses as they are generated or incurred, regardless of when they are received or paid, respectively.

With regard to the recognition of expenses with taxes on the purchase of external services (e.g. non-deductible value added tax), the amounts are classified as indirect taxes.

#### 3.5. Income tax

Income tax expense corresponds to the sum of current and deferred taxes. Deferred taxes are recognized in earnings except when they relate to items recorded directly in shareholders' equity, in which case they are also recorded in shareholders' equity.

The current income tax is computed based on the estimated taxable income for corporate income tax purposes, based on the statutory tax rate in Portugal, which is increased by a municipal tax and/or by an additional state surcharge depending on the taxable profit of the year (Note 9).

The income tax expense recorded in the financial statements was determined in accordance with "NCRF 25 Income Taxes". In determining income tax expense for the year, besides the current tax based on profit before-tax adjusted in accordance with the tax legislation, it is also considered the effects of temporary differences between income before tax and taxable income originated in the year or in preceding years.

Deferred taxes correspond to the temporary differences between assets and liabilities for accounting purposes and the related amounts for taxable purposes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are computed and evaluated annually, using the tax rates which are expected to be in force at the date of reversal of these temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recorded only when there is a reasonable expectation of sufficient future tax profits which allow for their use. As at the balance sheet date the Company conducts a reassessment of the temporary differences originating deferred tax assets, in order to record deferred tax assets not recognized previously and/or to reduce the amount of deferred tax assets that are recognized, based on the current estimate of its recoverable amount.

#### 3.6. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently measured at amortized cost, based on the effective interest rate method, reduced by impairment losses.

Impairment losses for doubtful accounts receivable are computed based on the evaluation of the estimated risks resulting from the non-collection of receivables and are recorded in the income statement.

#### 3.7. Provisions and contingent liabilities

The Company recognizes provisions when there is a present obligation arising from past events provided that there will be it is probable as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where any of the above mentioned criteria is not accomplished, the Company discloses the event as a contingent liability, unless the cash outflow is remote.

Provisions are recognized for an amount corresponding to the present value of the best estimate, at the reporting date, of the resources needed to settle the obligation. That estimate is determined considering the risks and uncertainties associated with the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at the end of each year and adjusted for in order to reflect the best estimate as of that date.

#### 3.8. Loans obtained

Loans obtained are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently presented at amortized cost, based on the effective interest method.

#### 3.9. Treasury shares

Own shares are accounted for at their acquisition value as a reduction of shareholders' equity in the caption "Own shares", and the gains or losses inherent to their disposal are recorded in "Retained earnings"

#### 3.10. Balance sheet classification

Realizable assets and liabilities due over a period greater than one year from the balance sheet date are classified under non-current assets and non-current liabilities, respectively, at present value.

#### 3.11. Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies (different from the Company´s domestic currency, "Euro") are translated to Euros at the exchange rates prevailing at the time the transactions are made. Assets and liabilities in foreign currency for which there is no agreement for fixing an exchange rate are translated to Euros using the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Favourable or unfavourable exchange rate differences arising from the differences between exchange rates in force at the date of the respective transactions and those applying on the date of collection or payment or at the balance sheet date are recorded as gains and losses in the income statement.

Assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 were translated into Euros using the following exchange rates to the Euro reported by the Portuguese Central Bank:

Final		
Currency	2018	2017
	4.4440	3.9729
Real _USD	1.1450	1.1993

#### 3.12. Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized in the balance sheet when the Company becomes part of the corresponding contractual terms, and are classified in the following categories: (a) at cost or amortized cost; and (b) at fair value, with the respective changes being recorded in the income statement.

#### a) Financial assets and liabilities at cost or amortized cost

Assets and liabilities are classified at cost or amortized cost if they: (a) have a defined maturity; (b) have a fixed or determined income; and (c) do not represent or include a derivative financial instrument.

Assets and liabilities classified in this category are measured at amortized cost reduced by accumulated impairment losses (for financial assets) and correspond primarily to the following asset and liability captions included in the Company's balance sheet:

- Loans obtained
- Other Accounts receivable and payable
- Other financial assets and liabilities
- Cash and cash equivalents
- Accrued expenses
- Suppliers

Amortized cost is determined through the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the one that discounts the estimated future payments and receipts, during the term of the financial instrument, to the carrying value of the financial asset or liability.

#### b) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value

All remaining financial assets and liabilities not included in the category "cost or amortized cost" are recognized at fair value. These financial assets and liabilities correspond primarily to interest and exchange rate derivative financial instruments.

The changes in the fair value of these derivatives are recognized through shareholders' equity or profit and loss, depending on whether those derivatives meet or not the criteria for hedge accounting, respectively. These changes in fair value are recorded under the caption "Increases/(reductions) in fair value" (Note 18).

#### c) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets accounted as "cost or amortized cost" are subject to impairment tests at the end of each year. Such assets are impaired when there is clear evidence that, as a result of one or more events occurred after their initial recognition, their future estimated cash flows will be affected.

For assets measured at amortized cost, the impairment loss corresponds to the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of the revised future estimated cash flows discounted using the initial effective interest rate. For financial assets measured at cost, the impairment loss corresponds to the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the best estimate of the asset's fair value.

Subsequently, if there is a reduction in the impairment loss as a result of an event occurred after the initial recognition of the loss, the impairment should be reversed through earnings. The reversal is recognized up to the limit of the amount that would be recorded (at amortized cost) if the loss had not been initially recognized.

#### d) Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial assets when its contractual rights to obtain the asset's cash flows expire, or when it transfers to another entity all the significant risks and rewards associated with the ownership of those assets. The Company derecognizes financial liabilities only when the corresponding obligation is settled, cancelled or expires.

#### 3.13. Main accounting estimates and judgments

When preparing the financial statements in accordance with the NCRF, the Company's Board of Directors uses estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are considered probable under the circumstances on which the estimates are based, or as a result of new information or more experience. The most significant accounting estimates reflected in the financial statements are as follows:

- (a) Valuation of the investment in Oi On May 5, 2014, the Company valued its new stake in Oi based on Oi's reference share price in the capital increase on that date, having as of that date, appropriated its stake in Oi's income using the equity method. As at December 31, 2018, the measurement of the Company's investment in Oi was based on its market value, namely the stock price as at December 31, 2018.
- (b) Valuation of the Rio Forte instruments On March 30, 2015, the Rio Forte instruments were obtained, following the execution of the Exchange Agreement, over Oi's shares. As of that date, subsequent to a market consultation, the Company valued the instruments at 15% of their notional value. This valuation was reviewed as at September 30, 2016, having reduced to 9.56% of the notional amount. On December 31, 2017, after new review, the valuation was changed for 8.32% (see Note 7), unchanged on December 31,2018.
- (C) Recognition of provisions and adjustments PHAROL is party to various ongoing legal claims for which, based on the opinion of its legal advisors, a judgment was made to determine the recognition of a possible provision for these contingencies (Note 12). Adjustments for accounts receivable are calculated based primarily on the aging of the accounts receivable, the risk profile of the customers and their financial situation.

Estimates used are based on the best information available during the preparation of financial statements, although future events, neither controlled nor foreseeable by the Company, could occur and have an impact on those estimates. In accordance with "NCRF 4 Accounting Policies, Changes in Estimates and Errors" ("NCRF 4"), changes to these estimates that occur after the date of the financial statements are recognized in net income, using a prospective methodology.

#### 3.14. Events that occurred after the balance sheet date

Events occurred after the balance sheet date that provide additional information about conditions existing at the balance sheet date are reflected in the financial statements. Events occurred after the balance sheet date that provide information about conditions that occur after the balance sheet date are not reflected in the financial statements but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, if material.

#### 4. Cash Flows

The caption "Cash and cash equivalents" of the statement of cash flows includes cash on hand and bank deposits readily convertible to cash.

The Company is exposed to a liquidity risk if its sources of funding, including cash balances, operating cash inflows, divestments, credit lines and cash flows obtained from financing operations, do not match its financing needs, such as operating and financing outflows, investments, shareholder remuneration and debt repayments. The Company understands that it has the ability to fulfill its obligations.

The cash flow statement was prepared in accordance with "NCRF 2 Statement of Cash Flows", with the following aspects worth mentioning.

#### a) Payments resulting from short-term financial applications

In 2018 and 2017, this caption relates to capital increases made at Bratel BV. In December 2018, in order to be able to exercise the Oi's Capital Increase due to the entry of New Funds with an exercise deadline on January 4, 2019, PHAROL, SGPS S.A. made a capital increase in its subsidiary Bratel BV in the amount of Euro 26,5 million.

#### b) Cash and cash equivalents

As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, this caption is made up as follows:

		Euro
	2018	2017
Cash	1,630	3,786
Bank deposits immediately available	2,020,988	25,038,435
	2,022,619	25,042,221

#### 5. Changes to accounting policies and estimates, and mistakes

The Company did not adopt any new or revised standard or interpretation during the year ended December 31, 2018 and did not voluntarily change other accounting policies or accounting estimates.

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company did not adjust its financial statements for any material errors from previous years.

#### 6. Equity Investments

#### 6.1. Equity method

During 2018 and 2017, the movements occurred in this caption were as follows:

						Euro
						2018
	Investments in subsidiary	Additional paid in capital contributions in subsidiary	Investments in associated		Investments in joint	
	companies	companies	companies	Goodwill	ventures	Total
Opening balance	165,985,254	1,720,000	-	-	-	167,705,254
Increases		26,529,000	-	-	-	26,529,000
Reductions	11,064,825	-	-	-	-	11,064,825
Transfer of shares to associates	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity method	(122,498,042)	-	-	-	-	(122,498,042)
Closing balance	54,552,037	28,249,000	-	-	-	82,801,037

						Euro 2017
	Investments in subsidiary	Additional paid in capital contributions in subsidiary	Investments in associated	ı	Investments in joint	
	companies	companies	companies	Goodwill	ventures	Tota
Opening balance	(560,455)	1,000,000	-	-	-	439,545
Increases	-	720,000	-	-	-	720,000
Reductions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of shares to associates	-	_	-	-	-	-
Equity method	166,545,709	-	-	-	-	166,545,709
Closing balance	165,985,254	1,720,000	-	-	-	167,705,254

#### a) Equity

In the fiscal years 2018 and 2017, the movements occurred in adkustments to financial assets are the result from the use of the equity method of subsidiaries.

#### 7. Other financial assets

The composition of this caption mainly comprises (1) an estimated future recovery of Euro 74.6 related to the debt securities issued by Rio Forte on December 31, 2018 and 2017, and (2) Euro 1.1 million related to the value of the Call Option on December 31, 2017. On December 31, 2018, the Call Option has value of zero.

Regarding the debt securities issued by Rio Forte, after having been made aware of the Report of the Judicial Administrators in the Rio Forte insolvency case (Rapport n° 4 des Curateurs), dated August 31, 2016, available at <a href="https://www.espiritosantoinsolvencies.lu">www.espiritosantoinsolvencies.lu</a>, PHAROL began procedures to assess the financial, accounting and legal implications of the information contained in section 2.1.6., which is transcribed in a free translation as follows:

#### "Expected recovery

The information currently available to the Judicial Administrators does not allow an estimate of either the total recovery or the recovery to be made by the company currently in bankruptcy proceedings.

It cannot be excluded that judicial seizing and the eventual rights of third parties involved will prolong or even definitively prevent the bankrupt estate from recovering and distributing certain assets. In fact, it is not excluded that the judicial authorities have the objective of confiscating the assets now seized."

The Board of Directors of PHAROL, after taking appropriate measures and supported by the analysis of its advisers, concluded, based on the principle of prudence, that the expected recoverability of the insolvent estate and, consequently, PHAROL's expected recoverability of its debt instruments of Rio Forte, have reduced. PHAROL's investment in the Rio Forte securities was initially valued at fair value upon initial recognition on March 30, 2015 and subsequently measured at amortized cost less any impairment losses. Based on the principles of IAS 39, taking into account available information, Management used its judgment in the definition of assumptions that culminated in a valuation of the amount due from Rio Forte at 85.7 million euros at December 31, 2016. This reflects an appraisal of around 9.5% of the nominal value, against approximately 15% of the nominal value at December 31, 2015, which resulted in the accounting for an impairment of € 48.8 million.

On December 2017, after updating the amount of credit claims considered in the last report of the Judicial Administrators, that was higher than previously considered, the debt recovery valuation was again revised downwards, registering a recovery of 8.32% recovery, equivalent to a reduction of Euro 11.1 million to the amount of Euro 74.6 million. On December 31, 2018, the debt recovery value remains at 8.32%.

It should be noted that, as evidenced by the last available report of the Judicial Administrators, in the insolvency proceeding of Rio Forte, the administrative analysis of debt declarations is still in progress, and therefore confirmation by the Judicial Administrators of the qualification of the credits claimed is pending.

Additionally, as part of the Rio Forte, in December 2017, PHAROL was informed of a statement from the trustees of Espírito Santo International, SA ("Insolvency") stating that the insolvent company will sue PHAROL, requesting that the latter be ordered to reimburse EUR 750 million, without specifying the grounds of that request.

Following this announcement, as of January 2019, PHAROL was summoned by the curator of Espírito Santo International, SA, as a precautionary measure to interrupt any limitation period, with a view to canceling ESI Notes payments during the month of January, 2014.

After analyzing the abovementioned summons, PHAROL considers a very low probability, based on the alleged facts, obtain any conviction of PHAROL in the terms provided. Accordingly, PHAROL has not recorded any provision in its financial statements.

#### 8. Related parties

#### 8.1. Financial investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures

During 2016 and as described above, the shareholding that PHAROL held directly in Oi, due to corporate reorganization, was transferred to Bratel BV, with Bratel BV holding on December 31, 2018 and 2017 the entire direct and/or indirect participation in Oi, since this participation was transferred to Bratel Sarl in September 2017. Therefore all results of associates' interests in 2017 and 2018 refer exclusively to direct participation in Bratel BV.

#### 8.2. Other information

For the fiscal years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, fixed remuneration of Board members, which were established by the Remuneration Committee, amounted to Euro 605 thousand and Euro 708 thousand, respectively.

At December 31, 2018 and 2017 no share-based program or termination benefit program were in place.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the fees paid to the Statutory Auditor of PHAROL amounted to Euro 80 thousand, corresponding to audit fees of PHAROL.

For additional information related to the remuneration of members of the Board of Directors and key employees, we refer readers to the Corporate Governance Report included in the Annual Report.

#### 9. Income tax

In 2018, the companies located in mainland Portugal were subject to Corporate Income Tax at a base rate of 21%, with an additional (1) Municipal Surtax of up to 1.5% levied on taxable income, and (2) a State Surtax of 3.0% levied on taxable profit between Euro 1.5 million and Euro 7.5 million, of 5.0% levied on taxable profit between Euro 7.5 million and Euro 35 million and of 9% levied on taxable profit in excess of Euro 35 million, resulting in a maximum aggregate tax rate of approximately 31.5%, for taxable profit in excess of Euro 7.5 million. In the calculating of taxable income, to which is applied above mentioned tax rate, income and expenses not deductible for tax purposes are added to or deducted from the accounting results.

According to the applicable legislation, the tax statements are subject to revision and correction by the fiscal authorities during a period of four years (five for Social Security) except if there have been fiscal losses, or if fiscal benefits have been granted, or if audits, claims or impeachments are being performed, in which

case, depending on the circumstances, those periods may be extended or suspended. The Company's Board of Directors, supported by the information given by their fiscal consultants, understands that possible fiscal contingencies should not have a significant impact on the financial statements of December 31, 2018, considering the provisions and the existing expectations at this time, regarding the resolution of the fiscal contingencies described in Note 12.

In 2018, this caption essentially reflects the reimbursements received from the Tax Authority relating to IRC from previous years, amounting to EUR 12,542,510.

#### 10. State and other public entities

On December 31, 2018 and 2017, the debtor and creditor balances in respect of State and Other Public Entities are as follows:

				Euro
		2018		2017
	Receivable	Payable	Receivable	Payable
Current taxes				
Operations in Portugal				
Value-added tax	-	8,379	-	2,102
Income taxes	9,971	-	9,718	-
Personnel income tax witholdings	-	70,624	-	64,764
Social Security Contributions	-	77,166	-	92,164
Other	-	196	-	175
	9,971	156,366	9,718	159,206

#### 11. Shareholders' equity

#### 11.1. Share Capital

As at December 31, 2018, the Company's share capital was fully paid and amounted to Euro 26,895,375, and was represented by 896,512,500 common shares with a nominal value of 3 cents of Euro each.

#### 11.2. Own shares

As of December 31, 2018, and 2017, the detail of this caption is as follows:

		Euro
	2018	2017
Charac hald by DUADOL	170 / 75 005	170 / 75 005
Shares held by PHAROL	179,675,995	179,675,995
	179,675,995	179,675,995

PHAROL, held 30,865,000 treasury shares, corresponding to 3.44% of the share capital PHAROL.

#### 11.3. Legal reserve

Portuguese law establish that at least 5% of each annual profit must be allocated to a legal reserve until this reserve equals the minimum requirement of 20% of share capital. This reserve is not available for distribution to shareholders but may be capitalized or used to absorb losses, once all other reserves and retained earnings have been exhausted.

As at December 31, 2018, the legal reserve was already fully incorporated in accordance with Portuguese law and amounted to Euro 6,773,139.00.

#### 11.4. Other reserves

The composition and the movements effected in this item during the years of 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

				Euro
		Reserves		
		for treasury		
		shares		
	Free reserve	cancelled	Own shares	Total
Balance as at 1 January 2017	77,635,309	6,970,320	179,675,995	264,281,624
Transfer to reserves for use in own shares	1,608	-	-	1,608
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2017	77,636,917	6,970,320	179,675,995	264,283,232
Transfer to reserves for use in own shares	-	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2018	77,636,917	6,970,320	179,675,995	264,283,232

#### 11.5. Adjustments to financial assets

During the fiscal years of 2018 and 2017 the movements under this item were as follows:

			Euro
	Currency translation adjustments	Other changes in shareholders' equity	Total
Balance as at 31 December 2016	(937,179,670)	(462,250,404)	(1,399,430,074)
Equity method (Note 6)	936,768,593	462,498,481	1,399,267,074
Balance as at 31 December 2017	(411,077)	248,077	(163,000)
Equity method (Note 6)	(109,853,409)	-	(109,853,409)
Balance as at 31 December 2018	(110,264,486)	248,077	(110,016,409)

#### 11.6. Application of earnings

Considering that in the year ended December 31, 2018 was obtained a negative net result of Euros 5,648,443, the Board of Directors of PHAROL proposes that they be transferred to the Company's Retained Earnings.

The negative net result of Euros 782,767,357 obtained on 2017 was transferred to the Company's Retained Earnings.

#### 12. Provisions

No movement in provisions occurred during the 2018 financial year were as follows:

	Euro
	2018
Opening balance	_
Increases	12,500,000
Reductions	<u> </u>
Closing balance	12,500,000

The provision made in 2018 takes into account an eventual liability resulting from the position assumed by the company with respect to tax refunds and tax benefits from previous years.

#### 13. Suppliers

The detail of this caption as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

		Euro
	2018	2017
Suppliers	36,204	4,695,403
	36.204	4.695.403

#### 14. Accrued expenses

The detail of this caption as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

		Euro
	2018	2017
Supplies and external services	1,151,045	861,583
Vacation pay and bonuses	345,261	430,162
Others	42,510	-
	1.538.815	1.291.746

#### 15. Equity in earnings/(losses) of affiliated companies

The detail of this caption as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

		Euro
	2018	2017
Gains and losses in affiliated companies - equity method	(1,580,689)	(770,208,368)
	(1,580,689)	(770,208,368)

#### 16. Supplies and external services

The detail of this caption as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

		Euro
	2018	2017
Specialized work	1,086,619	942,774
Insurance	274,643	348,794
Travel	162,787	87,214
Other	250,466	198,969
	1,774,516	1,577,751

#### 17. Wages and salaries

The detail of this caption as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

		Euro
	2018	2017
Fixed and variable remuneration	1,290,535	1,364,323
Social security	273,759	306,506
Other	45,945	64,633
	1,610,238	1,735,463

#### 18. Increases/(reductions) in fair value

This caption reflects the change in fair value of derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company and has the following composition in the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017:

		Euro
	2018	2017
Losses on non-current assets held for sale	-	(11,121,580)
Call option over Oi Shares (Note 7)	(1,026,853)	(153,638)
	(1,026,853)	(11,275,218)

#### 19. Other expenses and losses

Other expenses and losses, in the amounts of Euro 256,436 in 2018 and Euro 672,985 in 2017 essentially include unfavorable exchange rates related to the Call Options devaluation and legal advisory services paid in foreign currency.

#### 20. Net result per share

The net result per share for the years 2018 and 2017 was calculated as follows:

	2018	Euro 2017
Loss from continuing operations	(5,648,443)	(782,767,357)
Net loss considered in the computation of the diluted earnings per share	(5,648,443)	(782,767,357)
Weighted average common shares outstanding in the period	865,647,500	865,647,500
Basic and Diluted	(0.01)	(0.90)

#### 21. Guarantees

As of December 31, 2018, and 2017, the Company had presented the following guarantees and comfort letters to third parties:

		Euro
	2018	2017
Bank and other guarantees presented tax authorities and other public entities	84,617,476	376,715,726
	84,617,476	376,715,726

The bank and other guarantees presented to the fiscal authorities essentially include Euro 85 and 377 million, on December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively; related to the tax assessments received by PHAROL. The Company presented legal challenges to these assessments and, in accordance with Portuguese law, provided collateral in order to avoid the initiation of enforcement proceedings, which, in the absence of guarantee or payment of the contested tax, would continue until the request of a pledge of sufficient assets to cover the request tax. Portuguese law, while always allowing for the appeal of taxes liquidited by the tax authorities, only suspends enforcement proceedings upon payment of the tax or the provision of a guarantee. Thereby, Providing a guarantee of security avoids the payment of tax before the appeal decision or attachment of assets in enforcement proceedings.

The change in the value of the guarantees provided in 2018 occurred due to cancellation due to the expiration of part of the guarantees.

These guarantees were presented by PHAROL as a controlling company of the consolidated tax in the years in question, even though as at December 31, 2018, the contingencies associated to these guarantees are

not the Company's responsibility, having been transferred to Oi, while PHAROL remains jointly and responsible.

Notwithstanding the expiration and consequent cancellation of part of the Guarantees, the tax proceedings are still ongoing and Oi is responsible for them that might arising to Euro 378 million. Under the agreements entered into with Oi, Oi has to substitute the bank guarantees provided by PHAROL to the Tax Authority and to the European Commission for guarantees provided by Oi. Where this substitution is not possible due to demands of the counterparty, Oi has undertaken to provide equivalent guarantees in favor of PHAROL. As such, as of December 31, 2017, a Pledge Agreement for shares of Telemar Norte Leste is in force with a maximum amount up to the limit of the potential liabilities currently in existence.

#### 22. Shareholders with qualified holdings

The Company believes that the disclosure of the outstanding debts and transactions performed with its main shareholders, notably those with a qualified holding of more than 2% in PHAROL's share capital and with all the entities reported by these shareholders as being their related parties. The tables below present the balances as at December 31, 2018, and December 31, 2017, and the transactions that took place in the fiscal years ending December 31, 2018 and 2017, between the PHAROL Group and these entities identified as shareholders with qualified holdings and their related parties:

		Euro
	2018	2017
		Cash and bank deposits
Banco Comercial Português (i)	4,608,058	6,824,345
Novo Banco	1,094,507	11,058,551
	1,094,507	11,058,551

				-
		2018		2017
	Costs and	Net interest	Costs and	Net interest
	losses	income	losses	income
Banco Comercial Português (i)	NA	NA	1,876	11,814
Novo Banco	613	9,584	376	19,595
	613	9,584	2,251	31,409

<sup>(</sup>i) BCP loss its qualified participation

#### 23. Events occurring after the balance date

Oi's stock price evolution between December 31, 2018, and February 27, 2019, can be found below:

	31 dec 18	27 feb 19
Oi ON share price (Reais)	1.25	1.72
Oi PN share price (Reais)	1.26	1.72
Exchange rate Real/Euro	4.444	4.245
Oi ON share price (Euro)	0.28	0.41
Oi PN share price (Euros)	0.28	0.41

#### 03 QUALIFIED HOLDINGS

As at December 31, 2018, qualified holdings represented over 41.21% of PHAROL share capital, as follows:

DATE OF INFORMATION	ENTITIES	NO. OF SHARES	% OF CAPITAL	% OF VOTING RIGHTS
02/05/2018	Adar Macro Fund LTD	92,202,302	10.28%	10.00%
	Adar Capital Partners Ltd.	92,202,302	10.28%	10.00%
	Adar Macro Fund Ltd.	92,202,302	10.28%	10.00%
	Total attributable	92,202,302	10.28%	10.00%

31/05/2012 Telemar Norte Leste S.A.	89,651,205	10.00%	10.00%
Telemar's sole shareholder is OI S.A			
Total attri	butable 89,651,205	10.00%	10.00%

02/04/2018	Novo Banco S.A.	85,665,125	9.56%	9.56%
	Directly	85,665,125	9.56%	
	Shares held by companies in a controlling or group relationship with Novo Banco, S.A.	916	0.00%	
	Shares held by directors and members of the Corporate Bodies	595	0.00%	
	Total attributable	85,666,636	9.56%	0.00%

24/05/2017	High Bridge Unipessoal, Lda.	55,304,969	6.17%	6.17%	
Full chain of co	introlled undertakings through which the v	oting rights and/o	or the financia	al instruments	
are effectively he	are effectively held starting with the ultimate controlling natural person or legal entity is formed Atlantis				
Global Investme	nts, LLC.				
	Total attributable	55,304,969	6.17%	6.17%	

05/12/2016	High Seas Investments LLC	46,657,016	5.20%	5.20%	
	Full chain of controlled undertakings through which the voting rights and/or the financial instruments				
are effectively he	eld starting with the ultimate controlling r	atural person or le	egal entity is f	ormed Angra	
Capital Management LTD.					
	Total attributable	46,657,016	5.20%	5.20%	

After December 31, 2018, there were changes in qualifying holdings as follows:

- Jan 3, 2019 | Blackhill Holding Limited, LLC. holds a qualifying holding of 43,311,406 shares, representing 4.83% of PHAROL's share capital and voting rights.
- Jan 3, 2019 | High Seas Investments, LLC has decreased its stake to 2.41% of PHAROL's share capital and voting rights.
- Jan 10, 2019 | Blackhill Holding Limited, LLC reported that are attributable to Nelson Tanure 43,311,406 shares representing 4.83% of the capital and voting rights of PHAROL acquired by Blackhill Holding Limited LLC, of which he is a beneficial owner, and further informed that Nelson Tanure holds a personal title of 10,000 shares representing 0.00111%. In total, 43,321,406 shares are attributable to Nelson Tanure, corresponding to 4.83% of PHAROL's share capital and voting rights.

### 04 INFORMATION TO BE PRESENTED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE ARTICLE 447 OF THE CODE FOR COMMERCIAL SOCIETIES

1. Number of shares and bonds issued by PHAROL and by companies that are in a controlling or group relationsip held by the members of the management and supervisory bodies of PHAROL, as of December 31, 2018:

#### **Board of Directors**

- Luís Maria Viana Palha da Silva owns 200,000 shares of PHAROL.
- Aristoteles Luiz Menezes Vasconcellos Drummond does not own any securities of PHAROL or any other companies that are in a control or group relationship.
- João Manuel Pisco de Castro does not hold any securities of PHAROL or other companies that are in a controlling or group relationship.
- Jorge Augusto Santiago das Neves does not hold any securities of PHAROL or other companies that are in a controlling or group relationship.
- Jorge Telmo Maria Freire Cardoso does not own any securities of PHAROL or other companies that are in a domain or group relationship.
- Maria do Rosário Amado Pinto Correia is the holder of 40 PHAROL shares.
- Nelson Sequeiros Rodriguez Tanure owns 10,000 shares of PHAROL.
- Pedro Zañartu Gubert Morais Leitão does not own any securities of PHAROL or any other companies that are in a control or group relationship.

As early as 2019, the following changes occurred:

 Nelson Sequeiros Rodriguez Tanure: on January 3, 2019, 43,321,406 shares, corresponding to 4.83% of PHAROL's capital and voting rights, were attributed to him through 43,311,406 shares representing 4,83% acquired by Blackhill Holding Limited LLC, of which it is an effective beneficiary and still of 10,000 shares representing 0.00111% held in a personal capacity.

#### **Fiscal Council**

The fiscal council does not own any shares of PHAROL.

- José Maria Rego Ribeiro da Cunha
- Isabel Maria Beja Gonçalves Novo
- Paulo Ribeiro da Silva

#### **Managing-Director**

The managing-director Luís Maria Viana Palha da Silva is also member of the Board of Directors.

#### Statutory Auditor ("ROC")

The Statutory Auditor does not own any shares of PHAROL.

- Effective ROC BDO & Associados SROC, represented by Dr. Rui Carlos Lourenço Helena
- Substitute ROC Dr. Pedro Manuel Aleixo Dias
- 2. Transaction on shares and bonds issued by PHAROL, or by societies with which it has a controlling or group relationship, performed by members of the administrative and supervisory bodies of PHAROL:

**31/Jan/2018** | Grupo Visabeira SGPS, S.A. reported that it sold a total of 1,630,001 shares, representing 0.1818% of the share capital and voting rights of PHAROL. As a result of these sales, Grupo Visabeira SGPS, S.A. held 9,893,212 shares, representing 1.1035% of the share capital and voting rights of PHAROL. Furthermore, pursuant to article 20 of the Portuguese Companies Code, Fernando Campos Nunes (Portuguese Tax ID: 175,776,083) is deemed to be responsible for the total of 16,067,041 shares representing the share capital of PHAROL SGPS, SA, corresponding to 1.7922% of the share capital and voting rights.

**31/Jan/2018** | PHAROL informed that Grupo Visabeira SGPS, SA and Visabeira PRO - Estudos e Investimentos, SA sold a total of 7,575,844 shares, representing 0.846% of the share capital and voting rights of PHAROL. Because of the sales, Grupo Visabeira SGPS, SA became the holder of 9,893,212 shares representing 1.1035% of the share capital and voting rights of PHAROL, SGPS, SA, and Visabeira PRO - Estudos e Investimentos, SA now holds 6,173,829 shares representing 0.6886% of the share capital and voting rights of the company. The shareholders identified above have thus jointly held a total of 16,067,041 shares, representing 1.7922% of the share capital and voting rights of PHAROL, SGPS, SA, with the sale of 2,000,000 shares on 28-12- 2017, reduced their joint participation to less than 2% of the voting rights corresponding to the capital stock of PHAROL.

**25/Apr/2018** | Adar Capital Partners Ltd. informed that it holds a 7.01% qualifying holding of PHAROL's share capital and voting rights.

**27/Apr/2018** | Adar Capital Partners Ltd. informed that it holds a 10.28% qualifying holding of PHAROL's share capital and voting rights, divided into 76,444,022 indirectly owned shares and 15,758,280 shares through a swap agreement.

**03/Jan/2019** | Blackhill Holding Limited, LLC. informed that it holds a qualifying holding of 43,311,406 shares, representing 4.83% of PHAROL's share capital and voting rights.

**04/Jan/2019** | Grupo Visabeira SGPS, S.A. reported that it sold a total of 1,000,000 shares, representing 0.1115% of the share capital and voting rights of PHAROL.

As a result of the sales, Grupo Visabeira SGPS, S.A. became the holder of 15,067,041 shares, representing 1.6806% of the share capital and voting rights of PHAROL.

Furthermore, pursuant to the provisions of article 20 of the Portuguese Securities Code, in view of the existing holdings, Fernando Campos Nunes (NIF: 175,776,083) is deemed to be responsible for the total of 15,067,041 shares representing the share capital of PHAROL SGPS, SA, corresponding to 1.6806% of the share capital and voting rights.

**10/Jan/2019** | Blackhill Holding Limited, LLC reported that are attributable to Nelson Tanure 43,311,406 shares representing 4.83% of the capital and voting rights of PHAROL acquired by Blackhill Holding Limited LLC, of which he is a beneficial owner, and further informed that Nelson Tanure holds a personal title of 10,000 shares representing 0.00111%. In total, 43,321,406 shares are attributable to Nelson Tanure, corresponding to 4.83% of PHAROL's share capital and voting rights.

## PHAROL, SGPS S.A.

REPORT AND OPINION OF THE FISCAL COUNCIL

#### REPORT AND OPINION OF THE FISCAL COUNCIL

#### PHAROL, SGPS S.A.

# Financial Year of 2018 (Standalone accounts)

To the Shareholders of PHAROL. SGPS S.A.

As required by Article 420.1 g) of the Portuguese Companies Code, it falls to us, as the members of the Fiscal Council of "PHAROL, SGPS, S.A." (referred to below as PHAROL) to issue our annual report on our audit activities and to issue our opinion on the management report and standalone financial statements and the proposal for the application of profits presented by the Board of Directors for the year ended December 31, 2018, as well as our assessment of the respective legal certification of the accounts and the audit report issued by the audit firm.

#### I. Introduction

It should be mentioned, as a supervisory body, that we must mention, as Fiscal Council, that:

- Oi, SA (hereinafter referred to as "Oi") and its shareholder PHAROL / Bratel have reached a consensus to close and extinguish any and all judicial and extrajudicial litigation in Brazil, Portugal and in all the different countries where they exist discussions involving companies from both groups;
- ii) The Boards of Directors of Oi and PHAROL approved the agreement unanimously. The management of Oi and PHAROL are aligned, in good faith, with Oi's best interests so that it has an absolute focus on operational turnaround and eliminates dispersion and costs related to litigation;
- iii) The agreement, whose clauses are detailed in a specific instrument, will only be valid and effective after ratification by the Judicial Recovery Court.

#### **II. Supervisory Activities**

- 1. The Fiscal Council regularly performed its functions by holding periodic meetings with those responsible for the relevant areas, as well as the information and further clarifications obtained, including the presentation of the main trends and developments in management development and the activity of PHAROL.
- 2. The Fiscal Council also examined the financial information produced during the 2018 financial year, and carried out the analyzes and checks deemed necessary and necessary.
- 3. The work of the Fiscal Council has consistently been to comply with legally established matters, to continuously monitor the activity of PHAROL, and to verify that the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting framework in force.

- 4. During fiscal year 2018, the Fiscal Council met nine times, having developed several actions, of which the following stand out:
  - i) Monitoring the quality, integrity and effectiveness of internal control and risk management systems;
  - ii) Supervision of the preparation of standalone financial information;
  - iii) Verification of the regularity of accounting records and the accuracy of the consolidated financial statements;
  - iv) an appraisal of the accounting policies and valuation criteria adopted by PHAROL as to their suitability and consistency, with a view to ensuring a true and fair view of the financial position and results;
  - v) Verification of the conformity of the standalone financial statements with the applicable legal requirements;
  - vi) Analysis of the standalone financial information disclosed.
- 5. In accordance with the internal regulations that define the rules and procedures to be adopted in the Whistleblowing System, the Fiscal Council has taken note of the semiannual reports of the activity carried out by the Qualified Holdings Analysis Center, dated 2 July 2018 and January 2, 2019, and no Participations were recorded during the 2018 fiscal year.
- 6. The Fiscal Council, within the scope of its functions, exercised its competences regarding the supervision of the qualifications, independence and exercise of functions of the external auditor and statutory auditor, and also met on a regular basis with the latter, which provided all the necessary technical and accounting clarifications.

It also took note of the results of the audit and external audit work on the individual financial statements for the year 2018, which comprise the balance sheet, the income statement, the statement of changes in equity, the cashflow statement and the annexes related.

The statutory auditor and external auditor monitored the preparation of PHAROL's standalone financial statements and informed the Fiscal Council of its conclusions and its agreement on the documents prepared by the Board of Directors.

Through the report to the Fiscal Council, the statutory auditor and external auditor communicated the relevant aspects of the work carried out and their conclusions.

The Fiscal Council took note of the legal certification of the accounts on the standalone financial information for the year 2018, issued with a reservation and an emphasis, by the auditor and external auditor, which document was approved.

It is the understanding of the statutory auditor and external auditor that consist of relevant audit matters:

- i) Measurement of investment in Oi, S.A.
- ii) Measurement of the investment in debt securities issued by Rio Forte Investments, S.A.
- iii) Measurement of the purchase option on the shares of Oi, S.A.

In these areas, audit procedures and tests considered relevant under the circumstances have been developed.

- 7. In the course of its duties, the Fiscal Council has verified that the Board of Directors' report refers to the most relevant aspects of the activity during the year and is consistent with the standalone financial statements for the year.
- 8. Also within the scope of its powers, and as provided in number 5 of article 420 of the Commercial Companies Code, the Supervisory Board also verified that the Corporate Governance Report of PHAROL disclosed includes the elements required under article 245 A of the Securities Code.

#### III. Declaration of responsibility

The Statutory Audit Board declares that, to the best of its knowledge, the information provided for in paragraph 1 a) of article 245 of the Securities Code, for the standalone accounts for the year ended December 31, 2018:

- i) It was prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, giving a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities, financial position and results of PHAROL;
- ii) It faithfully presents the evolution of the business, performance and position of PHAROL; and
- iii) It contains a description of the main risks and uncertainties that PHAROL faces in its activity.

#### **IV.** Opinion

On the basis of the above report, the measures taken and the conclusions drawn from the legal certification of accounts and audit report and the additional report to the supervisory body on standalone financial information and taking into account the information received from the Board of Directors, of the services of PHAROL and of the statutory auditor and external auditor, the Fiscal Council is of the opinion that the General Meeting approve:

- i) the management report and the standalone financial statements for the year 2018;
- ii) the proposal for the application of results presented by the Board of Directors;

Lastly, the members of the Supervisory Board express their appreciation to the Board of Directors, principals and other employees of PHAROL for their cooperation in the performance of their duties.

# FISCAL COUNCIL

José Maria Ribeiro da Cunha — Chairman
Isabel Maria Beja Gonçalves Novo — Member
João Manuel Pisco de Castro - Member

# PHAROL, SGPS S.A.

STATUTORY AUDITORS' CERTIFICATION AND AUDIT REPORT



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# STATUTORY AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATION AND AUDIT REPORT

(Free translation from a report originally issued in Portuguese language. In case of doubt the Portuguese version will always prevail)

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Pharol, SGPS, SA (Pharol), which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2018 (showing a total of 161 444 070 euro and a total net equity of 146 248 509 euro, including a net loss of 5 648 443 euro) and the income statement, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the "Basis for qualified opinion" section of our report, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the financial position of Pharol, SGPS, SA as at December 31, 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards adopted in Portugal under the Portuguese Accounting System.

#### Basis for qualified opinion

The Independent auditor's report on the individual and consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 of Oi, SA, dated April 12, 2018, included a "Material uncertainty as to going concern" of Oi, SA. Bearing in mind the Independent auditor's review report on the interim individual and consolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2018 of Oi, SA, dated November 13, 2018, we highlight the following paragraph of the Emphasis titled "Going concern", taking also into account the note 13 to the consolidated financial statements: "We draw attention to Note 1 to the individual and consolidated interim financial information, on the section about going concern, that informs that the individual and consolidated interim financial information has been prepared assuming the continuity of the Company as a going concern, which consider the success of the implementation of the approved



Judicial Reorganization Plan ("PRJ") including, among other matters, the satisfaction of specific "Condition Precedents" informed in attachment 4.3.3.5 (c) of the PRJ, at times satisfied and/or dismissed, as well as the capital increase with new funds in the amount of R\$4.000.000 thousand, which shall occur up to February 28, 2019. These events or conditions indicate that there are significant uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. (...)". In January 28, 2019, Pharol communicated a Relevant Fact disclosed in the same date by Oi, SA, according to which "(...) the Company concluded the Capital Increase - New Resources, provided for in Clause 6 of the Judicial Reorganization Plan, with the subscription and payment for 3,225,806,451 new common shares issued in the Capital Increase - New Resources ("Shares of the Capital Increase - New Resources"), representing the contribution of new funds to the Company for a total of R\$4.0 billion." Up to the present date, neither the individual and consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 of Oi, SA, nor the corresponding Independent auditor's report, are yet available. As referred in the note 13 to the consolidated financial statements, the indirect investment in Oi, SA, as at December 31, 2018 is measured by the market value at that date, determined using the closing stock exchange listed market price. As presented in note 23 to the present financial statements, the listed market price of the shares of Oi, SA evolved from R\$ 1,25 (€ 0,28) as at December 31, 2018 to R\$ 1,72 (€ 0,41) as at February 27, 2019.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and further technical and ethical standards and guidelines as issued by Ordem dos Revisores Oficiais de Contas (the Portuguese Institute of Statutory Auditors). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section below. We are independent of Pharol in accordance with the law and we have fulfilled other ethical requirements in accordance with the Ordem dos Revisores Oficiais de Contas code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.



# **Emphasis of matter**

The chapter 3 of the Consolidated Annual Report 2018 and the notes 3 and 7 to the present financial statements and note 23 to the consolidated financial statements, disclose, on one hand, that the measurement of the debt securities issued by Rio Forte Investments, SA reflects the management's best estimate concerning the recoverable amount of those securities and, on the other hand, that the Group was summoned by the curators of Espírito Santo International SA (ESI), in view of a possible cancellation of Notes' payments, made by ESI, during the month of January 2014. Pharol considers a very low probability, based on alleged facts, of obtaining any conviction of Pharol under the terms provided. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters	Synthesis of audit response
Measurement of Oi, SA investment	
The indirect equity investment in Oi, SA (voting rights of 7,36%) is presented as financial assets measured by the market value.  Oi, SA is a large entity with high public and media profile, being highly relevant to the Pharol financial statements. Oi, SA is under a judicial reorganization process since June 2016. The respective financial statements are audited by other auditors.  Related disclosures: Notes 2, 3 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements.	The audit response involved, in synthesis, the performance of the following procedures:  Confirmation of the shares held by the Group as at December 31, 2018, through the verification of the documentation from the custodian banks where these shares are deposited.  Verification of the adequate form of classification and measurement of this investment, bearing in mind the provisions of the applicable IFRS.  Obtaining and analysing the independent auditor's review report on the most recent available individual and consolidated financial statements (as at September 30, 2018) of Oi, SA;
	Analysis and validation of the calculations inherent to the measurement by market value;
	Evaluation of the reasonableness of the financial statements' disclosures.



#### **Key audit matters**

#### Synthesis of audit response

# Measurement of the investment in debt securities issued by Rio Forte Investments, SA

At March 30, 2015 the debt securities issued by Rio Forte Investments, SA (Rio Forte) were returned to Pharol, following the performance of the exchange contract signed on September 8, 2014 between Oi Group and Pharol.

Rio Forte is under an insolvency process taking place in Luxembourg, with high public and media profile. This investment is relevant within the scope of Pharol financial statements and the respective measurement involves significant judgements.

Related disclosures: Notes 3 and 7 to the present financial statements and Note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

The audit response involved, in synthesis, the performance of the following procedures:

Analysis of the information present in the reports and announcements issued by the Rio Forte insolvency curators;

Analysis of the judgements made by the management in determining the recoverable amount of the debt securities at December 31, 2018;

Circularization of the banks where the debt securities are deposited;

Monitoring of possible developments arising from an announcement issued by the insolvency curators of Espírito Santo International, SA issued in November 14, 2017 and the corresponding subpoena in the meanwhile received, already in 2019;

Analysis and appraisal of the legal opinion about the expected outcome for Pharol of the subpoena received from ESI referred before, prepared by Pharol's legal consultants that are following this process.

Meetings and circularization of the lawyers that handle the insolvency process;

Evaluation of the reasonableness of the financial statements' disclosures.

#### Measurement of the call option over Oi shares

Following the previously mentioned performance of the exchange contract, Pharol was left with the right to repurchase shares of Oi, SA for a period of 6 years, at certain strike prices.

The measurement of this asset is complex and requires the use of specialists, since it is a derivative financial instrument.

Related disclosures: Note 7 to the present financial statements.

The audit response involved, in synthesis, the performance of the following procedures:

Analysis and follow-up of the call option respective contractual terms;

Involvement of specialists to perform an independent appraisal of the call option;

Analysis of the independent appraisal and comparison of the results with the carrying amount determined by Pharol;

Evaluation of the reasonableness of the financial statements' disclosures.



# Responsibilities of management and of the supervisory body for the financial statements

# Management is responsible for:

- (i) the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view of the Pharol's financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards adopted in Portugal under the Portuguese Accounting System;
- (ii) preparation of the management report and the corporate governance report in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations;
- (iii) designing and maintaining an appropriate internal control system to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error;
- (iv) the adoption of accounting policies and principles appropriate in the circumstances; and
- (v) assessing Pharol's ability to continue as a going concern, and disclosing, as applicable, the matters that may cast significant doubt about Pharol's ability to continue as a going concern.

The supervisory body is responsible for overseeing Pharol's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

(i) identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is



- higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- (ii) obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pharol's internal control;
- (iii) evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- (iv) conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on Pharol's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause Pharol to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (v) evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- (vi) communicate with those charged with governance, including the supervisory body, regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit;
- (vii) determine, from the matters communicated with those charged with governance, including the supervisory body, those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes their public disclosure;
- (viii) provide the supervisory body with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



Our responsibility also includes the verification that the information contained in the management report is consistent with the financial statements, and the verification of the requirements as provided in numbers 4 and 5 of article 451.° of the Portuguese Companies' Code.

# REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

# On the management report

Pursuant to article 451.°, n.° 3, al. (e) of the Portuguese Companies' Code, it is our opinion that the management report was prepared in accordance with the applicable legal and regulatory requirements and the information contained therein is consistent with the audited financial statements and, having regard to our knowledge and assessment over Pharol, we have not identified any material misstatements.

# On the corporate governance report

Complying with article 451.°, n.° 4, of the Portuguese Companies' Code, in our opinion, the corporate governance report includes the information required to Pharol to provide under article 245.°-A of the Securities Code, and we have not identified material misstatements on the information provided therein in compliance with paragraphs c), d), f), h), i) and m) of that article.

# On the additional matters provided in article 10.° of Regulation (EU) n.° 537/2014

Pursuant to article 10.° of the Regulation (EU) n.° 537/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council, of 16 April 2014, in addition to the key audit matters mentioned above, we also report the following:

- We were appointed as auditors of Pharol in the shareholders general assembly held on May 29, 2015 for a first mandate from 2015 to 2017. We were appointed for a second mandate, from 2018 to 2020, as auditors of Pharol in the shareholders general assembly held on May 25, 2018.
- Management has confirmed to us that they are not aware of any fraud or suspicion of fraud having occurred that has a material effect on the financial statements. In planning and executing our audit in accordance with ISAs we maintained professional scepticism, and we



design audit procedures to respond to the possibility of material misstatement in the financial statements due to fraud. As a result of our work we have not identified any material misstatement on the financial statements due to fraud.

- We confirm that our audit opinion issued is consistent with the additional report that we prepared and delivered to the supervisory body of Pharol on February 28, 2019.
- We declare that we have not provide any prohibited services as described in article 77.°,
   number 8, of the Ordem dos Revisores Oficiais de Contas statutes, and we have remained independent of Pharol in conducting the audit.
- We inform that, in addition to the audit, we have not provided to Pharol and to the entities under its control any other services.

Lisbon, February 28, 2019

Rui Lourenço Helena, as representative of BDO & Associados - SROC

#### **Contacts**

#### **Investor Relations**

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Shareholders, investors, analysts and other interested parties should send their requests for information and clarifications (annual, half year, and quarter reports, press releases, etc.).

# **Depositary bank**

Fax: +1(732)544-6346

Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas ADR Division Floor 27 60 Wall Street New York 10005-2836

Holders of ADRs may also request additional information directly from PHAROL's depositary bank for ADRs in New York.

#### Website

All publications and communications, as well as information regarding the businesses performed by the Company, are available on PHAROL's Internet page, at the following address: <a href="www.pharol.pt">www.pharol.pt</a>

# **Registered Office**

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Registered With The Commercial Registry Office Of Lisbon Under No.  $503\ 215\ 058$